FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 and 2022

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THE VALUE OF EXPERIENCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors San Diego Center for Jewish Culture San Diego, California

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of San Diego Center for Jewish Culture (the "Organization") (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of unrestricted revenues and expenses and functional expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations of San Diego Center for Jewish Culture for the year ended June 30, 2023, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Organization's 2022 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated October 20, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein for the year ended June 30, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Haskell & White LLP

HASKELL & WHITE LLP

Irvine, California October 23, 2023

Statement of Unrestricted Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended June 30, 2022)

Revenue and Support:	
Contributions and grants	\$ 695,940
Program fees	350,422
Rental income	92,261
Miscellaneous income	 32,902
Total revenue and support	1,171,525
Expenses:	
Salaries	925,677
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	184,895
Contract labor	82,233
Program supplies	80,340
Food and beverage	32,787
Administration	26,286
Transportation and travel	25,079
Printing and publicity	17,831
Rent expense	8,462
Admissions	7,278
Telephone	3,480
Staff Training & Recruitment	2,781
Office supplies	2,596
Maintenance supplies	1,946
Postage	1,876
Bad Debt	1,588
Conference	585
Maintenance service	185
Dues	75
Management services (Note 2)	(234,455)
Total expenses	1,171,525
Change in net assets	-
Net assets at beginning of year	 _
Net assets at end of year	\$ -

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended June, 30, 2022)

	Progr	Program Services Supporting Services										
	Center for Jewish Culture		General and Administrative		Fundraising		Total Supporting Services		2023 Total Expenses		2022 Total Expenses	
Salaries	\$	652,789	\$	213,711	\$	59,177	\$	272,888	\$	925,677	\$	855,432
Payroll taxes and employee benefits		111,930		57,142		15,823		72,965		184,895		181,851
Contract labor		82,233		-		-		-		82,233		66,383
Program supplies		80,340		-		-		-		80,340		75,463
Food and beverage		32,787		-		-		-		32,787		6,574
Administration		26,286		-		-		-		26,286		32,879
Transportation and travel		25,079		-		-		-		25,079		12,557
Printing and publicity		17,831		-		-		-		17,831		16,138
Rent expense		8,462		-		-		-		8,462		13,927
Admissions		7,278		-		-		-		7,278		-
Telephone		3,480		-		-		-		3,480		1,923
Staff Training & Recruitment		2,781		-		-		-		2,781		1,194
Office supplies		2,596		-		-		-		2,596		1,478
Maintenance supplies		1,946		-		-		-		1,946		5,015
Postage		1,876		-		-		-		1,876		1,308
Bad Debt		1,588		-		-		-		1,588		-
Conference		585		-		-		-		585		-
Maintenance service		185		-		-		-		185		720
Dues		75		-		-		-		75		103
Repairs, maintenance and replacements		-		-		-		-		-		2,644
Management services		(234,455)								(234,455)		(195,266)
Total expenses	\$	825,672	\$	270,853	\$	75,000	\$	345,853	\$	1,171,525	\$	1,080,323

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies:

Organization

San Diego Center for Jewish Culture ("CJC") is a California 501(c)(3) Not-For-Profit organization that was incorporated in January 1999. CJC is housed at Lawrence Family Jewish Community Centers of San Diego County ("LFJCC" or "J", collectively the "Organization"). CJC provides a wide array of multi-disciplined offerings and is the largest local institution solely dedicated to exploring the Jewish experience through the arts. CJC's mission is to expand and enrich cultural life in San Diego by presenting the finest in Jewish artistic expressions, encouraging the preservation of Jewish culture and heritage and nurturing new creativity in the arts.

CJC operates the following programs:

Center for Jewish Culture

CJC offers a wide variety of multi-disciplinary artistic programs that explore cultural identities and perspectives, promote cross cultural understanding and highlight human themes of family, tolerance, compassion and hope. These programs, include the San Diego Jewish Film Festival, Arts and Ideas, J-Learn, Gotthelf Art Gallery and the J*Company Youth Theatre, fostering and highlighting ideas of Jewish culture and cultural appreciation and respect.

Approximately 6,000 tickets are sold or provided annually to residents, visitors, and students for San Diego Center for Jewish Culture events hosted at the J and in the broader San Diego Community. CJC facilities feature the 500-seat David & Dorothea Garfield Theatre, Samuel & Rebecca Astor Judaica library, the Gotthelf Art Gallery, and a community Holocaust Memorial Garden and other uses of the building and campus to promote Arts and Ideas to the Jewish and broader San Diego Community.

J*Company Youth Theatre is a leading youth theatre program in San Diego, garnering local and national attention with its award winning productions. The program provides a foundation for young artists to train and develop their creative potential, giving them the opportunity to express themselves through the dramatic arts.

Significant Accounting Policies

Method of Accounting

The financial statements of CJC has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting which is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

See independent auditors' report.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue and Expense Recognition

The Organization recognizes revenue in accordance with ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. ASC 606 applies to exchange transactions and requires the Organization to follow a five step process: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the Organization satisfies a performance obligation.

Revenues from ticket sales for CJC events are included in program fees in the accompanying statement of unrestricted revenues and expenses. Tickets are non-refundable at the time of receipt, unless an event is canceled. Advanced ticket sales are recorded as revenues when the events related to the ticket sales are complete. Revenue is recognized at a specific point in time, which is when the related event is complete.

Grant revenue is recognized in the period in which the related work is performed in accordance with the terms of the grant. Expenses are recognized in the period in which the work is performed.

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give in writing to CJC that is in substance, unconditional and unrestricted. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Donated Goods and Services

In September 2020, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2020-07, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets, which requires a not-for-profit entity to present contributed nonfinancial assets in the statement of activities as a line item that is separate from contributions of cash or other financial assets. ASU 2020-07 also requires additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures about contributed nonfinancial assets received, disaggregated by category. The Organization adopted the new standard effective July 1, 2021. The adoption of this ASU did not have a significant impact on the Organization's financial statements, except for the additional disclosure requirements included below.

CJC utilizes the services of many volunteers throughout the year. This contribution of services by the volunteers is not recognized in the financial statements unless the services received (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills which are provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. The donated services for the year ended June 30, 2023 did not meet the requirements above, therefore no amounts were recognized in the financial statements.

Allocated Expenses

CJC allocates its expenses on a functional basis among its various programs and supporting services. Expenditures which can be identified with a specific program or support services are allocated directly, according to their natural expenditure classification. Costs that are common to several functions are allocated among the program and supporting services on the basis of time records, space utilized and estimates made by CJC's management.

Income Taxes

CJC is a public charity and is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. CJC believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements. CJC is not a private foundation.

See independent auditors' report.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent Events

CJC has evaluated subsequent events through October 23, 2023, which is the date the financial statements is available for issuance, and concluded that there were no events or transactions that needed to be disclosed.

2. **Operating Agreement**

On July 1, 1999, CJC entered into an agreement with LFJCC to administer the cultural arts programs and complex for the CJC. The initial term of the agreement was for ten (10) years with an automatic extension after (10) years and for consecutive ten (10) year terms unless either party notifies the other in writing to the contrary at least one (1) year prior to the end of the term then in effect. In accordance with the agreement, LFJCC performs all necessary advisory, management and administrative services described in the agreement.

LFJCC is entitled to retain any positive results from operations and is responsible for any negative results from operations. LFJCC absorbed \$234,455 and \$195,266 of CJC's operations for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which is reflected in management services in the Statements of Functional Expenses.

CJC has no assets or liabilities of its own as the LFJCC shares its resources, personnel and equipment and facilities with the CJC. CJC holds no cash and an allocation of functional expenses is recorded in the CJC financial statements (Note 1). Thus, CJC does not have a balance sheet nor a statement of cash flows. The statement of unrestricted revenues and expenses and the statement of functional expenses are considered a complete set of financial statements.